

**TODAY and
TOMORROW**

Our First Army Day

EIGHTY-EIGHT years ago, after the First War of Indian Independence, British tyrants willfully, deliberately and thoroughly disarmed the Indian people. Indians were not permitted to wield a sword or a gun. They were deprived of all their weapons. But they waited; they waited with remarkable patience for 88 long years, and then took up arms and launched their second and final War of Independence. On the Fourth Day of February last year, the mighty Azad Hind Fauj, fully armed and equipped with the most modern weapons, powerfully launched India's War of Liberation under the dynamic leadership of their Supreme Commander, Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose.

In that historic offensive, our Liberation Army annihilated the British forces of aggression massed on the Indo-Burma border, and crossing into India, pursued the enemy and fought several pitched battles on the Indian soil itself. In these battles, our freedom fighters came out with flying colours. They convinced the whole world that Indians, though disarmed for nearly a century, had not forgotten their traditional martial spirit, their undying love for freedom and their indomitable determination to hound the treacherous and cowardly British tyrants from the sacred soil of their Motherland. They proved to the world beyond a doubt that when armed, they are quite capable of smashing the British whatever may be the latter's numerical superiority.

They demonstrated to the world that an army of enthusiasts fighting for a Sacred Cause can always put to rout an army of mercenaries however strong. And what is more by their invincible spirit and superior morale, by their magnificent victories and heroic achievements and valour, they have enhanced the confidence of the three million Indians in East Asia to wrest the longlost freedom of their Mother Country from the unwilling hands of the British rulers. Verily, the Fourth Day of February last year, therefore—the historic day on which, disarmed Indians took up arms and confidently and courageously launched their last and final War of Independence—is a Red Letter Day in the annals of Indian History and a turning-point in the Struggle for India's Independence. To Indians all over the world, February 4th has, therefore, rightly become their National Army Day—and it is no wonder that they celebrated their First National Army Day yesterday with unprecedented enthusiasm and fervour.

All free, independent and powerful nations of the world have their own National Army Days, based on some such epoch-making event in their national history, particularly in the history of their military warfare. Nippon, for example, has its Army Day on March 10th, based on the epic battle of Mukden, on March 10, 2565, when Nippon forces defeated the most powerful military nation in Asia and Europe—the Czarist Russia. After the victorious battle of Mukden, practically overnight as it were, Nippon was elevated to the rank of a Great Power. It was a

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Maha-Bama War Govt. Formed To Resist Enemy

Adipadi Discloses Aims & Objects Of New Govt. At Press Conference

Rangoon, Feb. 3 (Domei)—In a statement issued upon the formation of the new government, Mahabama War Government declared that in order to resist the aggressor to the utmost the whole Mahabama nation is being reorganized on a war footing, beginning with the Government.

The members of the new Government, both individually and collectively, give a solemn pledge to the nation: "firstly, that we will be the National Government for service to the nation as a whole; secondly, that we dedicate ourselves unconditionally to the first national task of defending the nation's independence against the Anglo-American enemies in unity with Nippon and other East Asiatic nations; and, lastly, that we take up the parallel national task in co-operation with Nippon of substantiating the nation's independence all round, so that its benefits, political, social as well as economic, shall reach every Mahabama home in the fullest measure."

The statement exhorted the people to co-operate with the new Government for the achievement of the above aims.

Following the formation of the new Mahabama War Government, Dr. Ba Maw, Head of State and concurrently Prime Minister, at a conference disclosed the new Mahabama War Cabinet at the first meeting today decided, firstly, to issue in the near future Government currency, secondly, to create a Supreme Defence Council, thirdly, to appoint War Commissioners in strategic areas of Burma, and lastly to build countrywide war information structures in vital areas.

world-shaking event. Equally world-shaking was the event of February 4, 2604—the day on which the Indian National Army electrified the whole world by its courageous feat of arms, the day on which India proved to the world that, though disarmed for nearly a century, she is, the moment when she took up arms, a mighty Power imbued with irresistible strength, a terror and a nightmare to the British and all enemies of oppressed humanity, a pillar of world justice and righteousness, and the key to world peace and perpetual prosperity. February 4th—Free India's National Army Day—Our Army Day—will be proudly remembered and cherished not only by India but by the whole world till eternity.

MILITARY PARADE, VARIETY DISPLAY & MASS MEETING HIGHLIGHT ARMY DAY HERE

A solemn and impressive Ceremonial Parade and a most interesting Variety Display by the Azad Hind Fauj as well as a mammoth mass meeting were the conspicuous features of the celebrations of the First Indian National Army Day here in Syonan yesterday. All Indian homes and business premises hoisted the Indian National Flag and the Hinomaru yesterday from morn till sunset in honour of the occasion.

The Ceremonial Parade was held by the Azad Hind Fauj at Bidadari at 9.45 a.m. in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering. Several units of the Azad Hind Fauj as well as the Rani of Jhansi Regiment and the Balak Sena participated, and His Excellency Col. J. K. Bhonsle, the Chief of Staff, inspected the units and took the salute, after which he addressed them on the significance of the day, and expressed the inflexible determination of the forces of India's Liberation to carry on the war until the achievement of complete and final victory.

The Variety Display by the Azad Hind Fauj was held in the afternoon in the spacious Jalan Besar Stadium which was artistically decorated with Tricolour flags and bunting. There was a record gathering present, comprising officers and men of the Azad Hind Fauj, officials of the League, as well as the general Indian public. The display commenced at 3.00 p.m. and lasted full three hours.

It was a well drawn out programme of 21 events in which members of the Azad Hind Fauj, the Rani of Jhansi Regiment, the Balak Sena and the students of the Indian National School took part. Events such as Vada! Eating Race, Four-Legged Jacks, Sack Rolly, Poofy, Mounted Tug-of-War, Elephant Charge, Mock Cavalry Charge, Bear Fight provided plenty of amusement and were received with prolonged applause. Of particular interest was the item called "Malla-Khamp". This was the performance of acrobatics on a well-oiled and slippery pole and required much

(Continued on next page)

Chatterji Named Foreign Minister; Chief-of-Staff Transferred To Burma

Rangoon, Feb. 3 (Domei)—Colonel A. C. Chatterji, Minister of State of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind, will take over the portfolio of Foreign Affairs which is at present concurrently held by Head of State Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, it was officially announced by the Free India Government yesterday. Colonel Chatterji will hold the portfolio of Foreign Affairs until such time as the Provisional Government of Azad Hind moves into India, the announcement added.

Meanwhile, the Provisional Government also announced that Colonel J. K. Bhonsle, Chief of Staff, has been transferred from the Supreme Command of the Azad Hind Fauj

Natal Indian Congress Hits Out; Sends Strong Letter To Br. Viceroy

Lisbon, February 2 (Domei)—Vigorously carrying out its fight against Natal's anti-Indian racial legislation which was adopted last year, the Executive of the Natal Indian Congress has sent a communication to the Indian Viceroy not to send an Indian High Commissioner to South Africa, according to a Durban message received here today.

The Executive is said to have stated that the dispatch of an Indian High Commissioner to a country which allows such racial discrimination was a humiliation to Indian dignity.

Rear Headquarters to the Supreme Command of the Azad Hind Fauj in Burma.

Enemy's Great Losses On Irrawaddy Front

A Nippon Base in Northern Burma, February 4 (Domei)—Incomplete returns show that in the month of January Nippon ground forces operating along the Irrawaddy front accounted for more than 2,890 enemy dead abandoned on battlefield. During the same period our forces also destroyed or set ablaze 28 tanks, 42 armoured cars and lorries, 50 freight cars, 24 light and heavy machineguns and 1,740 rifles including tommyguns, besides capturing a large quantity of ammunition, clothing and food supplies.

Burma To Sacrifice All For Freedom Sake

Rangoon, February 3 (Domei)—Their determination to carry out their heavy responsibilities through this vital period as a new wartime Cabinet was expressed by entire Cabinet members before a huge mass rally held on Feb. 2 at the Shwe Dagon Pagoda. Ministers including the Adipadi expressed their firm will to fight and sacrifice their all until the ultimate goal is achieved. A huge crowd also vowed that every Burman will devote his life towards the preservation of the nation's integrity.

Nippon Obtains Maximum Effect In P.I. Campaign

Army Spokesman Reveals Nippon's Strategy In Philippine Battles

Syonan, Feb. 3 (Domei)—Nippon's strategy in the Philippines for the present in a nutshell is to employ the minimum strength to obtain the maximum effect, declared Lt.-Col. Shozo Nakajima, Chief Army Spokesman, at his weekly press conference yesterday.

While admitting that the enemy had been allowed to make a new landing in western Luzon in the area of Subic Bay, the Spokesman pointed out that this strategy on the part of the foe was apparently being undertaken in order to offset the disadvantage he is now suffering in the Lingayen sector. By effecting a landing at Subic Bay, the Americans through co-ordination on both fronts wish to lay siege on Manila. He added, "But Nippon forces are well aware of the enemy's strategy and are not only allowing him to effect this landing but by so doing have gained an advantage. The time will shortly come when Nippon will be able to give to the enemy a final, crushing blow".

Turning to the Chinese theatre, the Spokesman declared that Nippon forces have now opened up a new drive from both north and south in the sector of the Canton-Hankow railway line. "As I have often stated, Nippon's campaign on the Chinese continent is being carried out on such a scale as to ensure that Nippon's position there will be invincible," he added.

In the Burma theatre, the enemy is making much of the claim to have reopened the Ledo route, Chungking's lifeline linking up Kunming and Ledo, in Assam, by way of northern Burma. However, despite the enemy claim, Chungking forces up to the present still remain inactive, which only goes to disprove this claim.

He concluded, "Looking at the entire war situation then, the enemy's design to bring the war to an early consummation is not turning out as he has anticipated, and accordingly he is now resorting to all kinds of propaganda. Whatever may be the enemy's propaganda, we Asiatics have but one conviction and that is that we shall not be misled by what the enemy may propagandize but will instead have a firm conviction that we shall not give up our endeavour until final victory is achieved. With this conviction, we Asiatics shall co-operate and fight."

Russian Attacks On Kuestrin And Posen Frustrated

Berlin, February 2 (Domei)—Frontline dispatches from the Eastern Front reported that the Soviets launched their first attack yesterday on Kuestrin, north of Frankfurt. However, the attempt was repulsed, although in a gigantic assault the Soviets succeeded in reaching the larger portion of the Oder River. The battle for this river which, since the beginning of this month has become a barrage for intercepting the Soviet armies, has not reached its climax and will not reach it as German main reserves have not joined in the decisive struggle, German experts said.

The continuing thaw, with the thermometer showing several degrees above freezing point, is having its effect on the situation, particularly in Silesia and, it was added, if the thaw should continue, it will also place Marshal Zhukov who is continuing to line up his forces for the battle for Berlin and Stettin in a difficult situation, since the ice on the Oder River would break, thus turning the river into a real defence line. It was explained the river then could be overcome by tanks and artillery only with the aid of a bridgehead.

In general activity, the Luftwaffe in the past few days has led to noteworthy alleviation on the entire front in the east, German military experts pointed out. Yesterday the Luftwaffe destroyed 52 Soviet tanks, 27 guns, and 575 vehicles incomplete checkups revealed.

The garrisons of Schneidemuhl and Posen warded off violent Soviet attacks which were supported by strong artillery, the Fuehrer's headquarters communique stated. In the southern portion of Pomerania, Soviet attacks failed at Deutsche Krone and Jastrow. On both sides of the lower Vistula the Soviets attacked south-west of Graudenz with several infantry divisions and numerous tanks but were however repulsed. In East Prussia despite deeper enemy penetrations, stubbornly defending German forces prevented the desired Soviet breakthrough, in the Marienburg-Elbing area.

In Silesia Soviet forces were beaten back in German counterattacks. The Monschau-St. Vith area was again the centre of fighting yesterday on the Western Front. Fighting was also reported from upper Alsace. Attempts at a breakthrough by the First, Third and Seventh American armies and De Gaulle formations were frustrated by German forces. There was no fighting worth mentioning in the Netherlands and at the Roer River front.

Settlers To Fuji-Go Catholic Settlement

Those wishing to proceed to Bahau (Fuji-go) as settlers are requested to send in their applications early as arrangements are being made for early batches to go by train. Applications should be sent to No. 31, Victoria Street duly completed.

All settlers at present on leave in Syonan are advised to send in their names before expiry of their leave as they might be included in the early batches.

"On To Delhi"

Lo! Ye warriors of Eastern fame,
No less heroic than any yet seen,
Under leader divinely inspired
To lead us to our goal our freedom.
Harken to Mother Ind's plaintive wails,
Struck by loot and oppression brutal
Cries aloud for help and quick relief,
Breathes there a soul with no compassion
To calls so loud and so persistent?

Prove your prowess at this hour of trial,
Hasten your steps with courage and will,
Hurl your deadly missiles far and wide,
Strike hard and fast and yet harder still,
With faith in God and your righteous cause,
Mind! your mother's cause rests on your steel,
Imbibe Nippon's spirit of sacrifice,
Count no cost whatever the measure,
Heed no parlies from friends or foes.

Watch we your deeds with affection keen,
Night or day, sun or rain, your task same,
Your difficult march over hills and dales,
In oft repeated storms and swift gales,
Through extensive forests thick and thin,
Over winding passages rugged and steep,
In fear of denizens roaming wild
And of creeping reptiles with dread'd fangs,
Fill our hearts with grief and joy untold.

History will paint your deeds of valour
In glowing terms, and yet all too true,
By men of fame and erudition,
To teach generations yet unborn.

Unerring history hath recorded
That genius of one man is needed
To rebuild a downtrodden nation.
That Netaji is one such genius
Wide East Asia proclaims aloud
No deceptive pranks of enemy
Can elude him from his chosen path.
Follow him with faith and courage true,
For cause so pure so elevating,
"On to Delhi" straight will he lead you.

March with will to kill and not to fall,
Sacrificing your life at forefront
Not all what is expected of you.
A determined dash to Delhi? Yes!
Drawing "blood, blood, more blood" on the march,
Seizing thus your covet'd price, Victory!
And with it Freedom! Freedom!! Freedom!!!

—LOUIS THIVY.

(The author dedicates this poem to Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose in commemoration of his forty-eighth birthday)

Military Parade, Variety Display, Mass Meeting Highlight Army Day

(Continued from previous page)

skill and strength to perform. The most inspiring item was the "Entry into Azad Hind" in which hundreds of soldiers took part. There was plenty of machine-gun and rifle firing and the fight was most realistic and thrilling; and there was enthusiastic cheering and applause. When the Liberation forces entered Free India and annihilated the Anglo-American enemies. At the end of the display, Col. Bhonsle distributed handsome prizes to the winners.

The prize distribution over, the mass meeting commenced. Dr. M. K. Lukshumeyah, Vice-President, I.I.L. Rear Headquarters, first addressed the gathering in Tamil, on the brilliant achievements of the Azad Hind Fauj.

Dr. Lukshumeyah said: "We, Indians, are fighting for the freedom of our Motherland, for our place in this world as a free people. But our enemies are fighting as aggressors for selfish interests and with imperialistic motives. We are determined to carry on our war to the very end, until we achieve final victory".

Continuing, Dr. Lukshumeyah said: "With us there is no question of how long or how short the war will be. With us and our allies, it is only a question of fighting to the finish till ultimate victory is won. We

have seen in the history of the world how revolutionary armies in spite of inferiority in numbers and equipment have always triumphed in the end against bigger armies of imperialistic nations. The longer the battle, the greater the advantage for fighters for freedom because they know their cause is just and they cannot rest till they achieve it; whereas the oppressors who are fighting for money, for power, for land, are unable to continue after some time when the loss becomes too heavy".

Dr. Lukshumeyah's speech was translated into Hindustani by Sri Mumtaz Hussain. This was followed by Lt. Col. S. C. Alagappan and Lt. Col. I. Hussain who spoke in Tamil and Hindustani respectively. Both of them stressed the determination of the Azad Hind Fauj to continue the war until the Anglo-Americans are thrown out of India and our Victory Parade is held in front of the Red Fortress in Delhi.

The meeting then unanimously adopted the following resolutions, all standing:—

Today one year ago on the Indo-Burma front the Azad Hind Fauj commenced its offensive against our Anglo-American enemies and meeting on this historic occasion of the first anniversary of that memorable day, we Indians in Syonan

Sacred Duty Of Muslims Here To Support Nippon

Syonan, February 3 (Domei)—"It is the duty of all true Muslims to support in every way possible the war effort of Nippon and even to take up arms if needs be in co-operation with Nippon for the successful prosecution of this war to a final conclusion for world peace," asserted O. Abdul Hameed Jung, wellknown Muslim commentator, in a fiery statement addressed to his brethren in all parts of East Asia.

The Muslim spokesman who recalled the time when he was imprisoned by the British in India in 1933 after presiding at a Muslim Congress firkar at Pandanallure, Tanjore, deplored the fact that despite the Indian National Congress fighting against the British Government for the past 53 years through adoption of "non-co-operation" and "non-violence", there were still today thousands of patriots who were languishing in British jails in India for the sole reason that they loved their country.

He stated that the British will never release these Indian political prisoners whose freedom can be given back to them only when the Indian National Army crosses the plains of Bengal and unfurls the Tricolour flag of Free India from the Red Fortress in Delhi.

He concluded: "In prosecuting this present war, Nippon is fighting to establish in the world the very same principles for which the Mohammedan religion has stood, and which Muslims the world over have striven to propagate at all times—namely, peace, order, brotherhood and equality".

Four Foe Submarines Sunk In S. W. Pacific

Nippon Base in South-west Pacific, Feb. 2 (Domei)—Nippon naval air force and anti-submarine units jointly accounted for four enemy submarines sunk in South-west Pacific during the past few days.

hereby pay our respectful homage to those heroes who gave up their lives in the Arakan campaign.

We also wish to place on record our deep appreciation for the officers and men who fought so bravely on the Front and proved, to the dismay of the enemy, the invincibility of our Army of Liberation.

Our army's past performances have enhanced our confidence in its ability to defeat the enemy forces and we also take this opportunity to once again reiterate our pledge to render all support to our army in men, money and material until final victory.

The meeting concluded with the singing of the Indian National Song.

As part of the day's celebrations, an Indian national film entitled "Brandi-ki-Bottle" was screened at the Dai Toa Gekizyo which was packed to capacity. The film depicted India's ceaseless fight against the Drink Evil which is one of the curses of the British rule in India.

Indians Here To Present \$100,000 To Bahau

Syonan, Feb. 3 (Domei)—Denoting their interest in the progress of the Catholic farming colony established at Fuji-Go (Bahau), Syonan Indians through the local Chapter of the Indian Independence League will present \$100,000 for the enlargement of this farming scheme to the Kosei-ka Cho during the middle of next week.

This was revealed by Sri M. K. Chidambaram, Chairman of the Syonan Chapter, who further revealed that a bronze bust of General Tomoyuki Yamashita, executed in heroic size by a wellknown Indian sculptor, Professor Jacob Tarecon, will at the same time be presented to the Mayor of Syonan at a simple ceremony also to take place during the coming week at the League premises. This bust is being presented to the Mayor of Syonan by Indians here as a token of appreciation for the all-out help and sympathy extended local Indians by the Nippon Administration in the cause of Indian independence.

29 Planes Blasted At Kalemio, Shwebol Bases

Rangoon, February 1 (Domei)—In a raid on a group of enemy airfields including Kalemio and Shwebol, Nippon air units on the night of Jan. 31 set ablaze 12 enemy aircraft on the ground of which two were large planes, and damaged more than 17 others, including five large aircraft. In addition our air units either set ablaze or damaged six motor lorries.

Threat To U.S. China Air Bases Admitted

Lishon, February 3 (Domei)—Lieutenant-General Albert Wedemeyer, Commander-in-Chief of American Forces in China, today hinted that American airbases east of Canton-Hankow Railway might soon be captured by Nippon forces, according to a Chungking dispatch.



ENTERTAINMENT
'SPECIAL'
FOR
3rd NEW MALAI
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TOHO EIGA'S
**SYORI
NO
HI MADE'**
(Laugh-Bombs For
VICTORY!)
NIPPON'S
FAMOUS COMEDIANS
ENTATU & ATYAKO
LEAD
DISTINGUISHED CAST.
Features
Never Before Seen!
Simultaneous Screening
at
**Syowa
&
Teikoku Kan**
13-19 Nigatu